Scoliosis



Oral presentation Open Access

TRACE (Trunk Aesthetic Clinical Evaluation), a new everyday clinical tool to assess adolescent idiopathic scoliosis patients aesthetics

Stefano Negrini*, Fabio Zaina, Marco Monticone and Chiara Paroli

Address: ISICO (Italian Scientific Spine Institute), Via Carlo Crivelli 20, 20122 Milan, Italy

Email: Stefano Negrini* - stefano.negrini@isico.it

from 4th International Conference on Conservative Management of Spinal Deformities Boston, MA, USA. 13–16 May 2007

Published: 12 October 2007

Scoliosis 2007, 2(Suppl 1):S47 doi:10.1186/1748-7161-2-S1-S47

This abstract is available from: http://www.scoliosisjournal.com/content/2/S1/S47

© 2007 Negrini et al; licensee BioMed Central Ltd.

Objective

Evaluate the repeatability of a new everyday clinical tool developed to increase Aesthetic Index results: TRACE (Trunk Aesthetic Clinical Evaluation).

Study design

TRACE is based on four sub-scales: shoulders (0–3), scapulae (0–2), hemithorax (0–2) and flanks (0–4): each point is fully described and gives an ordinal scale for increasing asymmetry; TRACE 1 was given by the sum of the sub-score, while TRACE2 by a percentage weighting each single sub-score. 160 PA photographs of the trunk of adolescent idiopathic scoliosis patients were scored two times independently by four observers. We used the Kappa statistics for Agreement [1] whose values give the following agreements: 0–0.2 poor, 0.2–0.4 fair, 0.4–0.6

moderate, 0.6–0.8 good, 0.8–1.0 very good. We looked also at the 95% level of agreement, to identify the minimum clinically significant change to be considered between two different clinical exams. TRACE2 was evaluated for repeatability according to Bland-Altman.

Results

See Table 1.

Conclusion

These results are provisional, because a longer practice on TRACE is needed, mainly for inter-raters data. Widening the scales of the Aesthetic Index to develop TRACE increased sensitivity, and this is better in clinical everyday practice.

Table I: Results.

	Kappa statistics range		Percent of agreement		95% level of agreement (range)	
	Intra-raters	Inter-raters	Intra-raters	Inter-raters	Intra-raters	Inter-raters
TRACEI	0.16-0.24	0.09–0.14	28.8–36.3	18.8–36.1	2/11(99.4–96.9%)	3/11(95.0–100%)
Shoulders	0.29-0.43	0.16-0.25	51.3-70.6	48.8-70.6	1/3 (96.9–100%)	1/3 (92.5–100%)
Scapulae	0.43-0.58	0.41-0.50	76.9–79.4	70.6-80.0	1/2 (99.4–100%)	1/2 (100–100%)
Hemithorax	0.22-0.41	0.12-0.20	58.8-63.I	50.6-63.I	1/2 (98.1–99.4%)	1/2 (95.6–99.4%)
Flanks	0.40-0.48	0.07-0.11	55.0-68.0	24. 4 –68.1	1/4 (95.6–99.4%)	2/4 (98.7–100%)

Repeatability index for TRACE2: intra-rater 47–49%, inter-rater 47–50%.

^{*} Corresponding author

References

 Altman DG: Practical Statistics for Medical Research. London: Chapman and Hall; 1991.

Publish with **Bio Med Central** and every scientist can read your work free of charge

"BioMed Central will be the most significant development for disseminating the results of biomedical research in our lifetime."

Sir Paul Nurse, Cancer Research UK

Your research papers will be:

- available free of charge to the entire biomedical community
- peer reviewed and published immediately upon acceptance
- cited in PubMed and archived on PubMed Central
- \bullet yours you keep the copyright

Submit your manuscript here: http://www.biomedcentral.com/info/publishing_adv.asp

