Scoliosis



Poster presentation

Open Access

Living with spinal deformities: the Indian experience Ajit K Dalal

Address: University of Allahabad, India from 5th International Conference on Conservative Management of Spinal Deformities Athens, Greece. 3–5 April 2008

Published: 15 January 2009

Scoliosis 2009, 4(Suppl 1):P6 doi:10.1186/1748-7161-4-S1-P6

This abstract is available from: http://www.scoliosisjournal.com/content/4/S1/P6 © 2009 Dalal; licensee BioMed Central Ltd.

India has the largest number of cases of spinal deformities in the world. The major causes of such deformities are malnutrition, water impurities, post-polio complications, calcium deficiency, congenital conditions, social violence and accidents. In India, there are very few medical centers which can perform corrective surgery and even fewer capable of rehabilitation. Community based rehabilitation projects also lack the infra-structure and expertise to deal with spinal deformity cases. Individuals with spinal deformities are marginalized, stigmatized and discriminated in the society. Folklores and religious scripture reinforce the prejudices against individuals with a hunchback or crooked spine. Some charitable and religious institutions do cater to the basic needs of these individuals; however, their meaningful participation in social life and in proper employment remain distant goals.