

ORAL PRESENTATION

Open Access

Health related quality of life in adolescents with idiopathic scoliosis: a cross-cultural comparison between two methods of treatment

E D'agata^{1*}, C Pérez-Testor¹, M Rigo², S Negrini³, V Cigoli⁴

From 8th International Conference on Conservative Management of Spinal Deformities and SOSORT 2011 Annual Meeting

Barcelona, Spain. 19-21 May 2011

Purpose

The present study aims at evaluating the effects produced on HRQOL by two different methods of physiotherapy in adolescent population with Idiopathic Scoliosis (IS): *SEAS*, used in Milan (Italia) in ISICO center, and *Barcelona Scoliosis Physical Therapy School*, in E. Salvá Institut (Spain).

Background

Studies related to HRQOL are generally few [1], controversial and besides there is a lack of research related to physiotherapy and HRQOL [2].

Materials and methods

Twenty-one subjects took part to the study, ages ranging between 9 and 18 years. Thirteen of them were Italian (5 boys and 8 girls) and the 9 Spanish (2 boys and 7 girls). For all of them it was the first time to be visited. The materials used were: Rosenberg's self-esteem test [3,4], Self Concept test [5], Body Satisfaction Scale [6] and SRS-22 questionnaire [7,8]. Tests were given three times: on the first visit, three and six months later.

Results

Through a mixed ANCOVA, we found statistical differences between pre-test and post-test. In relation to the interaction effect, Time X Treatment, the Italian group improved in SRS-Pain while the E.Salvá group presented worse results at the end. However, the treatment had a significative effect on SRS-Self Image (p=0.016) and on Emotional Self Concept, as the E.Salvá group scored higher.

Conclusions

Further researches will aim at increasing the sample size, in order to enrich the results, and at looking for more homogenous groups and centers (Country, setting, size, etc).

Author details

¹Universitat Ramon Llull, Barcelona, Spain. ²Institut Elena Salvá, Barcelona, Spain. ³ISICO, Milan, Italy. ⁴Università Cattolica di Milano, Milan, Italy.

Published: 27 January 2012

References

- Levitskiy A, Yaroslavska S, Chekryzhev D, Rychlevskiy K, Pliatsek V, Velikiy O, Bebeshko O: Influence of motion activity on psycho emotional status of scoliotic patients treated with brace. Scoliosis 2010, 5:065.
- Weiss HR, Cherdron J: Effects of Schroth's rehabilitation program on the self concept of scoliosis patients. Rehabilitation 1994, 33(1):31-4.
- Martín-Albo J, Núñez J, Navarro JG, Grijalvo F: The Rosenberg Self-Esteem Scale: translation and validation in University students. The Spanish Journal of Psychology 2007, 10(2):458-467.
- Prezza M, Trombaccia F, Armento L: La scala dell'autostima di Rosenberg: traduzione e validazione italiana. Bollettino di psicologia applicata 1997, 223:35-44.
- 5. García F, Musitu G: AF5. Autoconcepto forma 5. Madrid: Tea ediciones; 2009.
- Gismero E: Habilidades sociales y anorexia nerviosa. Madrid: Universidad Comillas; 1996.
- Climent JM, Bagó J, Sánchez J, et al: Validity of the Spanish version of the Scoliosis Research Society -22 (SRS-22) Patient Questionnaire. Spine 2005, 30:705-709
- Monticone M, Baiardi P, Calabrò D, Calabrò F, Forti C: Development of the Italian version of the revised Scoliosis Research Society-22 Patient Questionnaire, SRS-22r-l: cross-cultural adaptation, factor analysis, reliability, and validity. Spine 2010, 35(24):E1412-1417.

doi:10.1186/1748-7161-7-S1-O6

Cite this article as: D'agata et al.: Health related quality of life in adolescents with idiopathic scoliosis: a cross-cultural comparison between two methods of treatment. Scoliosis 2012 7(Suppl 1):O6.

¹Universitat Ramon Llull, Barcelona, Spain Full list of author information is available at the end of the article

